

Lecture 11

Thursday, February 6, 2020 10:49 AM

• Finish pf of Thm 1 from Lecture 10 notes.

Cor 1. If $\Omega \in \mathbb{C}^n$ is convex, then it is a d.o. holom.

Cor 2. If $\Omega_\beta, \beta \in B$, ^{← any index set.} are d.o. holom., then the interior of $\bigcap_{\alpha} \Omega_{\alpha}$ (if non-empty) is a d.o. holom.

Pfs of Cor 1-2: Ex.

Cor 3. Let $\Omega \in \mathbb{C}^n$ be connected Reinhardt w/ $0 \in \Omega$. TFAE:

(i) Ω is d.o. conv. of a power series $\sum_{\alpha} a_{\alpha} z^{\alpha}$.

(ii) Ω is d.o. holom.

(iii) Ω is log. convex.

Pf. (i) \Rightarrow (iii) is the content of Thm already proved.

(ii) \Rightarrow (i) also follows Thm 1 (iii) and previously proved Thm.

(iii) \Rightarrow (ii). We shall show that $\hat{K}_{\Omega} \subset \Omega, \forall K \subset \subset \Omega$. Thus, choose

$K \subset \subset \Omega$. Since \hat{K}_{Ω} is bdd and closed in Ω , it suffices to show

that the closure $\overline{\hat{K}_{\Omega}}$ in \mathbb{C}^n is still contained in Ω . Pick $z \in \overline{\hat{K}_{\Omega}}$.

We note, by assumption, if $z \in \Omega$, then the closed polydisk

$D_z^n = \{z \in \mathbb{C}^n : |z_j| \leq |z_j|, j=1, \dots, n\} \subset \subset \Omega$. By compactness of K ,

we can find a finite set $F \subset \subset \Omega$ s.t.

$$K \subset \bigcup_{z \in F} D_z^n.$$

We may also assume that no $|z_j| = 0$ for $z \in F$. Go back to chosen

$z \in \overline{\hat{K}_{\Omega}}$. WLOG, $z \neq 0$ (since $0 \in \Omega$). By reordering the variables if

necessary, we can find $l \in \{1, \dots, n\}$ s.t. $z_1 \dots z_l \neq 0, z_j = 0, j > l$.

Then, ...! (even if $z \in \partial \Omega$). we have $\forall \alpha \in \mathbb{Z}^n$

necessary, we can find $k \in \{1, \dots, n\}$ s.t. $z_1 \dots z_k \neq 0, z_j = 0, j > k$.

By cont. (even if $z \in \partial\Omega$), we have $\forall z \in \mathbb{Z}_*^l$

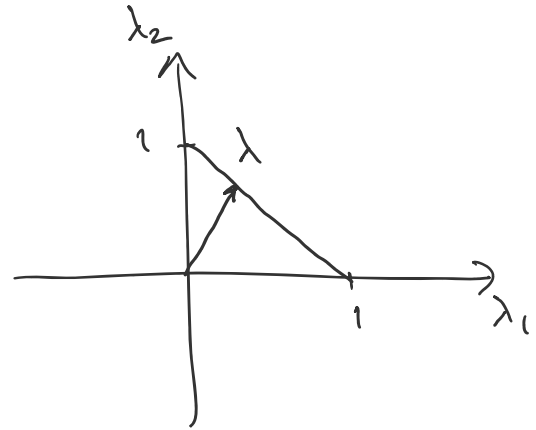
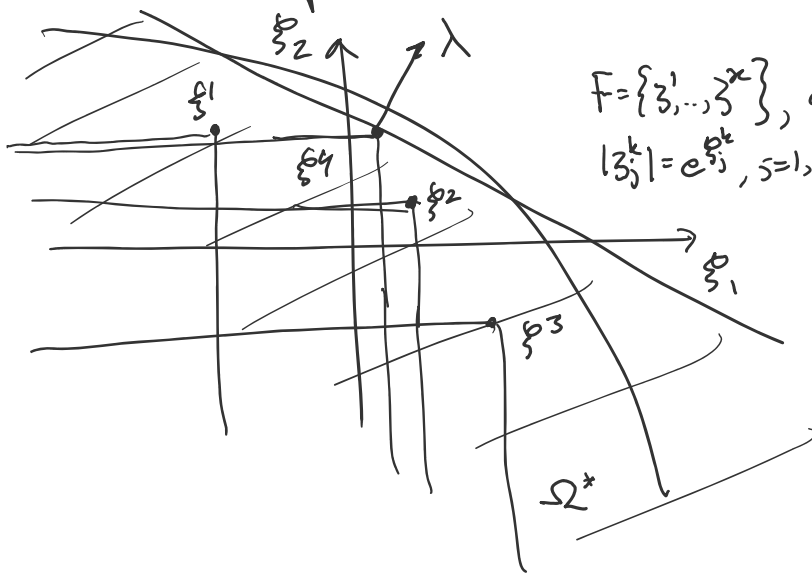
$$|z_1^{\alpha_1} \dots z_l^{\alpha_l}| \leq \max_{z \in F} |z_1^{\alpha_1} \dots z_l^{\alpha_l}|.$$

By taking log and letting $\lambda_j = \frac{\alpha_j}{|\alpha|}$, $j=1, \dots, l \Rightarrow$

$$\sum_{j=1}^l \lambda_j \log |z_j| \leq \max_{z \in F} \sum_{j=1}^l \lambda_j \log |z_j| \quad (1)$$

$\xi_j \rightarrow \xi = (\xi_1, \dots, \xi_l) \in \mathbb{R}^l$

Since this holds for all rational $\lambda_1, \dots, \lambda_l \geq 0, \sum \lambda_j = 1$, it also holds for all real such $\lambda_1, \dots, \lambda_l$. [Pic: for $n=2$]:



Ex. Show that (1) $\Rightarrow (\log |z_1|, \dots, \log |z_l|) \in \text{convex hull of all } \eta = (\eta_1, \dots, \eta_l) \in \mathbb{R}^l \text{ s.t. } \eta_j \leq \xi_j^k, \xi_j^k = \log |z_j^k|, j=1, \dots, l, k=1, \dots, r, F = \{z^1, \dots, z^r\}.$

Since the set E of such η sits in Ω^* (by assumpt.) and Ω^* is convex (by assumpt.), we conclude that $\text{CH}(E) \subseteq \Omega^* \Rightarrow z \in \Omega$.

Thus, the closure \bar{K}_Ω in \mathbb{C}^n is contained in $\Omega \Rightarrow \bar{K}_\Omega \subset \subset \Omega$. \square

Thm 2. Let $\Omega \subseteq \mathbb{C}^n, \Omega' \subseteq \mathbb{C}^m$ be d.o. holom., and $f: \Omega \rightarrow \mathbb{C}^m$ a holom. map. Then, $\Omega_0 := f^{-1}(\Omega') \subseteq \Omega$ is a d.o. holom.

Thm 2. Let $\Omega \subseteq \mathbb{C}^n$, $\Omega' \subseteq \mathbb{C}^n$ be d.o. domains, and $f: \Omega \rightarrow \Omega'$ holom. map. Then, $\Omega_f := f^{-1}(\Omega') \subseteq \Omega$ is a d.o. domain.

Pf. Let $K \subset \subset \Omega_f$. Since $\Omega_f \subseteq \Omega$ and Ω d.o. holom. $\Rightarrow \widehat{K}_{\Omega_f} \subseteq \widehat{K}_{\Omega} \subset \subset \Omega$. Suffices to show that closure \widehat{K}_{Ω_f} of K_{Ω_f} in Ω is $\subseteq \Omega_f$. We let $K' = f(K) \subset \subset \Omega'$. Since Ω' d.o. holom., $\widehat{K}'_{\Omega'} \subset \subset \Omega'$. Pick $z \in \widehat{K}_{\Omega_f}$, and $u \in \mathcal{O}(\Omega')$. Then, $u \circ f \in \mathcal{O}(\Omega_f)$, and so if $z^n \in K_{\Omega_f}$, $z^n \rightarrow z \in \widehat{K}_{\Omega_f}$,

$$|u(f(z^n))| \leq \sup_{z \in K} |u(f(z))| = \sup_{w \in K'} |u(w)|$$

$$\Rightarrow f(z^n) \in \widehat{K}'_{\Omega'} \subset \subset \Omega' \Rightarrow f(z) = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} f(z^n) \in \widehat{K}'_{\Omega'} \Rightarrow z \in \Omega_f.$$

□